THE Numb. 169.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Friday, October 19, to Friday, October 26, 1739.

[*From the* UNIVERSAL SPECTATOR.]

Reflections on unhappy Marriages.

THOUGH 'tis confeſs'd on all Hands, that the Weal or Woe of Life depends on no one Circumſtance ſo critically as Matrimony; yet how few ſeem to be influenc'd by this univerſal Acknowledgment, or act with a Caution becoming the Danger.

Thoſe that are undone this Way, are the Young, the Raſh and Amorous, whoſe Hearts are ever glowing with Deſire, whoſe Eyes are ever roaming after Beauty; thoſe doat on the firſt aimable Image that Chance throws in their Way, and when the Flame is once kindled, would riſque Eternity itſelf to appeaſe it. ----- But, ſtill like their Parents, they no ſooner taſte the tempting Fruit, but their Eyes are open'd; the Folly of their Intemperance becomes viſible; Shame ſucceeds firſt, and then Repentance; but Sorrow for themſelves ſoon turns to Anger, with the innocent Cauſe of their Unhappineſs: Hence flow bitter Reproaches, and keen Invectives, which end in mutual Hatred and Contempt. Love abhors Clamour and ſoon flies away, and Happineſs finds no Entrance when Love is gone: Thus, for a few Hours of Dalliance, I will not call it Affection, the Repoſe of all their future Days is ſacrificed; and thoſe, who but juſt before ſeem'd to live only for each other, now would almoſt ceaſe to live, that the Separation might be eternal.

But hold, ſays the Man of Phlegm and Oeconomy, all are not of this haſty Turn.---- I allow it---- There are Perſons in the World who are young without Paſſions, and in Health without Appetite; theſe hunt out a Wife as they go to *Smithfield* for a Horſe; and inter-marry Fortunes, not Minds, or even Bodies: In this Caſe the Bridegroom has no Joy but in taking Poſſeſſion of the Portion, and the Bride dreams of little beſides new Cloaths, Viſits and Congratulations. Thus, as their Expectations of Pleaſure are not very great, neither is the Diſappointment very grievous; they juſt keep each other in Countenance, live decently, and are exactly as fond the twentieth Year of Matrimony as the firſt.---- But I would not adviſe any one to call this State of Inſipidity Happineſs, becauſe it would argue him both ignorant of it's Nature, and incapable of injuring it.---- Mere Abſence of Pain will undoubtedly conſtitute Eaſe; and, without Eaſe, there can be no Happineſs: Eaſe, however, is but the Medium through which Happineſs is taſted, and but paſſively receives what the laſt actively beſtows; if therefore the Raſh, who marry inconſiderably, periſh in the Storms raiſed by their own Paſſions, theſe ſlumber away their Days in a ſluggiſh Calm, and rather dream they live, than experience it by a Series of actual, ſenſible Enjoyments.

As Matrimonial Happineſs then is neither the Reſult of Inſipidity or ill grounded Paſſion, ſurely thoſe, who make their Court to Age, Uglineſs, and all that's deteſtible both in Mind and Body, cannot hope to find it, tho' qualified with all the Riches that Avarice covets, or *Plutus* could beſtow. Matches of this Kind are downright Proſtitution, however ſoften'd by the Letter of the Law; and he or ſhe who receives the golden Equivalent of Youth and Beauty, ſo wretchedly beſtow'd, can never enjoy what they ſo dearly purchas'd: The ſhocking Incumbrance would render the ſumptuous Banquet taſteleſs, and the magnificent Bed loathſome; Reſt would diſdain the one, and Appetite ſicken at the other: Uneaſineſs wait on both; even Gratitude itſelf would almoſt ceaſe to be obliging, and Good Manners grow ſuch a Burthen, that the beſt bred, or beſt-natur'd People breathing, would be often tempted to throw it down.

But ſay we ſhould not wonder that thoſe who either marry Gold without Love, or Love without Gold, ſhou'd be miſerable; I can't forbear being aſtoniſh'd, if ſuch whoſe Fortunes are affluent, whoſe Deſires were mutual; who equally languiſh'd for the happy Moment before it came, and ſeem'd for a while to be equally tranſported when it had taken Place: If even theſe ſhould, in the End, prove as unhappy as either of the others! And yet, how often is this melancholly Circumſtance! As Extaſy abates, Coolneſs ſucceeds, which often make Way for Indifference, and that for Neglect: Sure of each other by the Nuptial Band, they no longer take any Pains to be mutually agreeable; careleſs if they diſpleaſe, and get angry if reproach'd; with ſo little Reliſh for each other's Company, that any body elſe is more welcome, and more entertaining.---- Their Union thus broke, they purſue ſeparate Pleaſures; never meet but to wrangle, or part but to find Comfort in other Society.---- After this, the Deſcent is eaſy to utter Averſion, which, having wary'd itſelf out with Heart-burnings, Clamours, and Affronts, ſubſides into a perfect Inſenſibility; when freſh Objects of Love ſtep into their Relief on either Side, and mutual Complaiſance, that each may be the better able to deceive the other.

I ſhall conclude with the Sentiments of an *American Savage*, on this Subject, who being adviſ'd by one of our Countrymen to marry according to the Ceremonies of the Church, as being the Ordinance of an infinitely wiſe and good GOD; briskly reply'd, *That either the* Chriſtian God *was not ſo good and wiſe as he was repreſented, or he never meddled with the Marriages of his People; ſince not one in an Hundred of them had any Thing to do either with Happineſs or Common Senſe.---- Hence*, continued he, *as ſoon as ever you meet, you long to part; and not having this Relief in your Power, by Way of Revenge, double each other's Miſery: Whereas in ours, which have no other Ceremony than mutual Affection, and laſt no longer than they beſtow mutual Pleaſures, we make it our Buſineſs to oblige the Heart we are afraid to looſe; and, being at Liberty to ſeparate, ſeldom or never feel the Inclination. But if any ſhould be found ſo wretched among us, as to hate where the only Commerce ought to be Love, we inſtantly diſſolve the Band: God made us all in Pairs; each has his Mate ſomewhere or other; and 'tis our Duty to find each other out, ſince no Creature was ever intended to be miſerable.*

By the Northern *Poſt, we have the following Advices.*

Madrid, June 21.

ORDERS have been ſent into the ſeveral Maritime Provinces of this Kingdom for Troops to canton along the Coaſts; and for a Detachment that is encamped in Biſcay to erect Redoubts and Stacados in the Places on that Coaſt, which lie the moſt expoſed. People here flatter themſelves, that the King of France will ſend a Squadron of 15 Men of War to Cadiz, in Caſe the Differences between this Court and that of Great Britain, ſhould not be determined by an Accommodation.

Madrid,

Madrid, June 26. *O. S.* Upon the Receipt of an Expreſs from London, Mr. Keene went to Court, and declar'd to the Miniſters of the King, that Affairs between the two Crowns were ſo circumſtanced, that his Britannick Majeſty was determined to permit his Subjects to make Repriſals upon the Spaniards; whereupon freſh Orders were ſent to the Ports to continue diligently to equip all the Men of War capable of being fitted out. It's ſaid, that at Cadiz and in Galicia, 24 are at preſent ready to put to Sea. The Fortifications of ſeveral Ports of this Kingdom, and particularly thoſe of Ferol in Galicia, are repairing and augmenting; upon which, together with the Naval Armament, the Court has already expended 6,000,000 Pieces of Eight. Orders have been given for a great Number of Ships to cruize upon the Coaſts of Galicia, and upon that near Cadiz. Mr. d'Iturralde, Secretary of the Finances, has preſented a Project to the Court, which has been approved of, for reducing the Appointments of ſeveral Officers, both Civil and Military, to whom this Scheme gives great Diſcontent. The Stipend of 36,000 Ducats given to the Duke de Montemar, as General in chief, was thereby reduced to 12,000; but that Lord made ſuch ſtrong Repreſentations thereupon, that it has only been reduced to 24,000 Ducats.

Madrid, July 3. *O. S.* It is ſaid, that Mr. Keene, the Britiſh Plenipotentiary, has declar'd to the Marquiſs de Villarias, That the laſt Expreſs he receiv'd from his Court, had brought him an Order from his Britannick Majeſty to ſuſpend the Conferences. Since the Arrival of the ſaid Expreſs, and of another which the Court receiv'd at the ſame Time from Don Geraldino, the Spaniſh Miniſter at London, freſh Orders have been ſent to haſten the military Preparations; ſo that a Rupture ſeems unavoidable. All the General Officers are order'd to repair to their Poſts without Delay. Troops are alſo ſent to reinforce thoſe already at Gibraltar; and 'tis ſaid, that thoſe which are aſſembled in Galicia will alſo be re-inforc'd with ſome Regiments, in order to watch and guard the Coaſt of that Province: But there are ſome who think they are to be put on board Tranſports, to be carried elſewhere; becauſe 'tis affirm'd that Orders have been likewiſe diſpatched, to lay an Embargo on all Ships. According to the Advices from the Ports, there will be at leaſt 28 or 30 Men of War ready to ſail before the End of July.

July 15. Since the laſt Declaration given by Mr. Keene, the Britiſh Miniſter, freſh Orders are diſpatch'd to all the Ports, to repair and augment the Fortifications, as well as to equip all the Men of War fit for Service; and the Orders for compleating the Land Forces are renew'd. The King ſeems to act wholly in Concert with France, which Court has not yet adviſed ours to inſiſt no longer on the Recall of the Britiſh Fleet. The Count de la Mark, who continues to have frequent Conferences with the King and Queen of Spain, having lately received an Expreſs from his Court, went and read the Diſpatches that came by it to their Majeſties, without communicating one Word to the Miniſters of State; which gives Room for a Conjecture that ſome ſecret and very important Affair is in Agitation.

Stockholm, June 22. *O. S.* The French Squadron came up the 19th Inſtant, about Four in the Afternoon. M. d'Antin ſaluted with 15 Guns the Caſtle here; which was return'd with 16. Aſſoon as the Squadron came to an Anchor, M. St. Severin, the French Ambaſſador went on board, to pay a Viſit to M. d'Antin, and to invite him and a Number of his Officers to Supper: The Ambaſſador was received on board with a Diſcharge of 15 Guns. This Morning M. St. Severin carried M. d'Antin to Carlberg, to preſent him and his Officers to their Swediſh Majeſties. Moſt of the Officers are gone by Water in eight of their Boats. They are to be admitted to an Audience out of Mourning, tho' the Court is in it ſince Sunday, for the Death of the Duke of Holſtein.

Cadiz, June 24. *O. S,* The Dutch Man of War commanded by Capt. Waſſenaer, arrived here Yeſterday. We hear that the 27th of laſt Month the Captain met with a Corſair of Sallee off of Cape Spartel, whom he ſunk; the greateſt Part of the Crew, which conſiſted of 200 Men, were drowned, and the reſt, among whom were ſeveral Chriſtians, got on board the Dutch Ship. It is ſtill reported that the Flotilla, which has all its Cargo on board, will ſet Sail for the Weſt-Indies; but a great many People ſtill queſtion it. Several Men of War keep themſelves in Readineſs to ſet ſail behind the Puntals.

Naples, June 26. *O. S.* A Courier has been received from Madrid, with Diſpatches concerning Meaſures to be taken between this Court and that of Spain, in caſe of a Rupture with Great-Britain.

Paris, Auguſt 15. Fourteen Men of War are actually equiping at Toulon, two of which are deſign'd to cruize before the Ports in the Levant.

Portſmouth, July 26. Laſt Monday Afternoon, Mr. Vernon, Vice-Admiral of the Blue, in the Burford, in Company with the Lenox, Kent, Elizabeth, Strafford, Louiſa, Worceſter, Norwich, and Pearl, left St. Helens, and ſail'd to the Weſtward.

LONDON, July 19.

We hear that the Rev. Mr. Whitfield, about 2 Months ago, returned to the Truſtees for Eſtabliſhing the Colony of Georgia, their Commiſſion to him for collecting Money for Georgia, declaring that he had never made any Uſe thereof. We hear alſo, that his Majeſty having granted Permiſſion for the Ship Two Brothers ſailing immediately to Georgia with Cloathing and Proviſions for Col. Oglethorpe's Regiment, the Truſtees ſent a Letter about a Fortnight ſince to Mr. Whitfield to return by this Opportunity to his Duty in the Colony; which, by a Letter from Briſtol to them, he has declin'd, chuſing (as he therein alledges) to go thither by the Way of Pennſylvania, after the Embargo is taken off.

By an Expreſs arrived laſt Night, we hear that 48000 Ruſſians, and 6000 Calmucks, had actually march'd thro' Poland, to aſſiſt the Emperor againſt the Turks.

London, July 21. *An Extract of a private Letter from the Hague, dated the* 17*th of July.*

'It's juſt now reported here, that thro' the Vigilance 'and Activity of the Britiſh Miniſtry, a Diſcovery has 'been made of a formidable Deſign laid to invade Great 'Britain in favour of the Pretender, which, it's ſaid, was 'to be executed by Spain, Sweden, and a third Power, 'which every body imagines muſt be France. This, un'queſtionably muſt have been the Cauſe of the great 'Armament made at this Time by the Court of Great 'Britain, and not merely its Conteſts with Spain; and 'this occaſion'd the Britiſh Ambaſſador, in his laſt Con'ference with the Members of the Government, not only 'to mak a freſh Demand of the Succours ſtipulated by 'antient Treaties, but likewiſe that their High Mighti'neſſes would enter into a ſtricter Alliance with his 'Britannick Majeſty than hitherto, for their mutual Secu'rity, and Defence of their juſt Rights. That Miniſter 'at the ſame Time alſo repreſented, that the Conduct of 'Spain, was ſuch as would no longer admit of the Ways 'of Negociation; and as the Republick had its Griev'ances to be redreſſed, his Britannick Majeſty propos'd 'to act in Concert with it, in order to force that Power 'to do Juſtice to the Subjects of the Two Nations. 'Which Propoſals their High Mightineſſes, as uſual, 'took Time to conſider on. Many Colonels and Dutch 'Officers already ſolicit to go into England in Caſe the '6000 Men be ſent thither. People here were exceed'ingly ſurpriz'd at the extraordinary ceremonious Beha'viour of the Marquiſs de St. Gilles, Ambaſſador from 'Spain, towards Mr. Walpole; the Marquis being the 'firſt of the Foreign Miniſters who went to compli'ment him on his Return to the Hague, and afterwards 'made an Entertainment for him and his Lady. What 'this Miniſter, who affects to be a plain Man, void of 'Ceremony, had in View, by ſhewing theſe unuſual Ci'vilities, at a Time when Matters between the two Na'tions were drawing towards a Criſis, cannot eaſily be 'conjectured,".

London

London, July 28. Yesterday Ships were permitted to clear out at the Custom-house as usual, and Orders are sent to Gravesend to permit them to pass.

We hear that two Spanish Ships in the River are excepted in the Order for taking off the Embargo.

August 4. Letters from Madrid bring, that if the Court of Great Britain shall still refuse to execute the Conditions of which Spain demands the Accomplishment, all the Effects of the South Sea Company in Spain would be sequester'd; and that two Advice Ships were actually sent from Cadiz, with Orders provisionaly, to shut up there the Factories of that Company, and entirely to suspend the Commerce with Great Britain for Negroes; and that very great military Preparations were making all over Spain, as well by Land as Sea.

They write from Vienna, that there has been an Action between the Imperialists and the Turks, in which the latter seems to have gain'd the Advantage, the former having lost General Karlner, Count Caraffa, the young Prince of Waldeck, and the Prince of Hesse-Rhinfields, who were killed; and the Prince of Waldeck, and Count Daun were wounded.

'Tis certain that some Overtures have been made since our last, for accommodating the Difference with this Court and Spain.

The Merchants have receiv'd Advice, that Admiral Haddock has taken near Cadiz a Spanish Ship with French Colours.

On Sunday was launch'd at Mr. Bud's Dock, the Totness, a fine large Ship, which is said to be fitted out with all possible Expedition, with Letters of Marque, to make Reprisals on the Spaniards.

Tuesday, Capt. Sunderland, of the Griffin, formerly one of his Majesty's Fireships, receiv'd his Letters of Marque to make Reprisals on the Spaniards, which Ship will sail with the utmost Expedition.

The Tower Galley, Wingfield, who has got a Letter of Marque, is sail'd for Newfoundland.

The proper Officers are gone to different Parts of England. to view the several Forts, &c.

August 9. Orders are given for forthwith raising of 10 Regiments of Foot, and 25 additional Men to each Troop of Horse and Dragoons.

August 10 Yesterday both Houses of Parliament met according to their Prorogation, and were farther prorogued to the 18th of October next.

August 11. The Greyhound Man of War being upon a Cruize, was fired at by a French Ship from Martinico; on which the Man of War gave her a Broadside, boarded her, took her, and carried her into Gibraltar. The French say in their Defence, that they took the Greyhound for a Sallee Rover, which occasion'd their Firing.

August 12. We hear from Paris, that the Earl of Waldgrave the British Ambassador, has presented a Memorial to the Court, relating to the Differences between the Courts of London and Madrid, and the Orders issued by the King of Great Britain for making Reprisals on the Spaniards. His Excellency expects an Answer to that Memorial forthwith, because it will probably decide the Question, Whether Peace or War with Great Britain and Spain? We are assur'd that the Earl has declared, in Regard to the Reprisals, that the King his Master did not intend to break openly with the King of Spain; and that the Treaties subsisting between them, stipulating, that the Reprisals which the two Nations may make upon each other, shall not be look'd upon as a Declaration of War, or a Rupture, his Britannick Majesty was resolv'd to conform religiously to the Tenour of the Treaties in that Respect; that as he could not refuse to his Subjects the Permission to make Reprisals, which they have so long desired, he hoped that the Court of Madrid would not let Matters proceed to greater Extremities, but resolve at last to grant to the British Nation the Satisfaction desired.

Orders have been sent to the War Office, for adding 25 Men, together with a Lieutenant, Serjeant, Corporal, and Drum, to each Troop of Dragoons in Great Britain, which in the whole will amount to about 1300 Men.

The Rt. Hon. the Earl of Crawford being much wounded in the late Battle, was brought into Belgrade, under an Escorte of six Troopers, and put under the Care of the most eminent Surgeons.

It is reported, that the Germans lost upwards of 10,000 Men in the late Action.

We are assur'd that the Friendship, Capt. Herbert, and the Lovely Betty, Capt. Vane, both in the Service of the Jamaica Merchants of this City, are fitted out in the best Manner, and have Letters of Marque granted them to make Reprisals on the Spaniards, and will sail this Week for Jamaica.

Yesterday it was reported, that the Russian Army had surrounded that of the Turks near the Dniester, and kill'd near 40,000.

The Master of a Ship arriv'd from Oporto, met about 12 Days ago, off Cape Finister, Sir Chaloner Ogle, with the Squadron under his Command; and was inform'd that their Commission was open'd, which was, to take, sink, or destroy all Ships, &c. belonging to his Catholick Majesty; and that they should make all Haste immaginable, in order to cruize off the Canary Islands.

Boston, September 24. By a Schooner which arrived last Week from Newfoundland, we hear, that the same Day she came away from thence, an English Man of War arrived there, the Captain of which sent a Letter to the Lord of the Harbour, in which he told him the agreeable News that Admiral Haddock had taken one of the Galleons; and that it was not doubted but that he would get more of them before they got into the Spanish Harbour.

By private Letters and Passengers in Capt. Hill, we hear, that there seems to be of late a good Understanding between the leading Men of the Court and Country Parties; and that the publick Affairs are managed with the utmost Secrecy. That a very important Affair was upon the Point of being discover'd, in which Great Britain was nearly concern'd. That a general War was tho't unavoidable. That we have 50 Men of War looking out for Spanish Galleons, and that Reports concerning them upon the Change of London, were as variable as they are here; one Day Advice being brought that they are taken, the next they are cast away, the next that they will not arrive this Year, and then that they are all got safe into some Spanish Port; so that instead of asking (upon the Change) *What is the News of the Day?* the Enquiry is, *What is the Lye of the Day?*

That the Sallee Men have again declared War with Great Britain.

Extract of a Letter from Lisbon, *dated Aug.* 25.

" Letters from Oporto say, that the Spaniards are laying a strong Boom over the Harbour of Ferole, and " making it as defencible as possible for fear of a Visit; " they have raised six Batteries, and have an Army of " 12 or 14,000 Men both Horse and Foot, of their best " Troops, in that Neighbourhood. Just now is brought " in a Spanish Satee, laden with Powder, &c. valued at " 6000 Moidores.

WILLIAMSBURG, Octob. 26.

Several Persons of Note have died lately in this Colony; some of which we had not timely Information of, or should have been more particular in our Account of them, *viz.* Mr. *William Hunter*, a considerable Merchant, in *Hampton*, of good Repute.------- Mrs. *Meade*, Wife of Major *Meade*, of *Nansemond*, a Gentlewoman of a very good Character. ----- Col. *Walton*, of *Isle of Wight* County, died suddenly in his Chair, as he was smoaking his Pipe.------ *Thomas Clayton*, M. D. of *Glocester* County, Son of the late Attorney-General; a learned and ingenious Gentleman, *&c.*

On *Tuesday* last, Mr. *Needler*, Clerk of the House of Burgesses, took the Oaths to the Government, in the General Court, in order to qualify him to be Clerk of the Council; and he was afterwards sworn into that Office, in the Room of Mr. *William Robertson*, deceas'd. And,

We hear, that Mr. *Kemp*, Clerk of the Secretary's-Office, is to succeed Mr. *Needler*, as Clerk of the House of Burgesses.

Virginia

Virginia ss.
By His Majesty's Lieutenant-Governor, and Commander in Chief, of this Dominion.

A PROCLAMATION,

For apprehending Seamen, absenting themselves from their Duty, on board His Majesty's Ships of War.

WHEREAS, by an Act of the General Assembly of this Colony, made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act, prohibiting Seamen being Harboured or Entertained on Shore*, it is Enacted, That every Seaman that shall run away, or absent himself unlawfully from the Ship or Vessel he belongs to, shall be, and is thereby liable to be taken up and secured, by any Person or Persons; and upon a Warrant from a Justice of the Peace of the County where he is taken up, conveyed from Constable to Constable, 'til he be put on board the Ship or Vessel he belongs to. And that if any Ordinary keeper, or other Person, shall entertain, harbour, or conceal any Seaman, except he be able to give a good Account that he is about his lawful Business, such Ordinary keeper or Person shall forfeit and pay Five Hundred Pounds of Tobacco, to him or them that will inform or sue for the same, in any Court of Record, in this Colony and Dominion.

And whereas, the Absence of Seamen from their Duty on board His Majesty's Ships of War, especially at this Juncture, may be attended with many dangerous and evil Consequences, I have therefore thought fit, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Council of State, to issue this Proclamation, in His Majesty's Name, thereby strictly charging and commanding all Sheriffs, Constables, Officers, Ministers of Justice, and other His Majesty's Liege Subjects, that they diligently intend the putting the said Act in due Execution, by apprehending any such Seaman or Seamen, as by the said Act is directed, who shall be found travelling, or going about from Place to Place, unless he or they shall produce a Certificate from the Captain or Lieutenant of the Ship to which he belongs, expressing, that he or they have Leave to be absent, with the Cause or Reason thereof: And that no Ordinary-keeper, or other Person or Persons, do presume to receive, harbour, or entertain, any such Seaman or Seamen, without such Certificate, upon any Pretence whatsoever.

GIVEN at the Council-Chamber, in *Williamsburg*, this Twenty Third Day of *October*, in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE the Second.

WILLIAM GOOCH.

God Save the KING.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Col. SPOTSWOOD

INtending, next Year, to leave Virginia, *with his Family, hereby gives Notice, that he shall, in* April *next, dispose of a Quantity of choice Houshold Furniture; together with a Coach, Chariot, Shaise, Coach Horses, House-Slaves,* &c. *And that the rich Lands in* Orange *County, which he had hitherto reserved for his own Seating, he now Leases out for Lives, renewable until* Christmas 1775, *admitting every Tenant to the Choice of his Tenement, according to the Priority of Entry.*

He further gives Notice, That he is ready to treat with any Person of good Credit, for Farming out, for 21 *Years,* Germanna, *and its contiguous Lands, with the Stocks thereon, and some Slaves. As also for Farming out, for the like Term of Years, an extraordinary Grist-Mill and Bolting-Mill, lately built by one of the best Mill-Wrights in* America; *and both going by Water, taken by a long Race out of the River* Rapidanne; *together with* 600 *Acres of seated Lands adjoining to the said Mill.*

N. B. *The Chariot (which has been look'd upon as one of the best made, handsomest, and easiest Chariots in* London) *is to be dispos'd of at any Time; together with some other Goods.*

No one will be received for a Tenant, who has not the Character of an industrious Man.

ON Monday, *the Nineteenth of* November *next, will be expos'd to Sale, to the highest Bidder, at the late Dwelling-house of Mr.* Benjamin Walker, *deceas'd, in* Caroline *County, a Parcel of valuable Slaves, belonging to the Estate of the said* Walker; *also some Stock of Cattle,* &c. *and some Houshold Furniture.*

ON Tuesday *Morning the 9th of this Instant* October, *about 2 Hours before Day, was stolen from the Wharff of Mr.* Elligood *of* Norfolk *Town, a Boat, belonging to the Subscriber living on* Pagan *Creek, in* Isle of Wight *County: The Boat is about* 14 *Feet Keel, her upper Streak painted blue, and her Stern the same; she is a likely Boat, and is Clinch Work: She had in her, when stolen away,* 2 *Masts, and a Main-Sail; and it's suppos'd, was taken by one* Thomas Saul, *alias* Shaw, *and is gone towards* Maryland. *The said* Saul, *alias* Shaw, *is an* Irishman, *and a Bricklayer by Trade. Whoever apprehends the Person who stole her, so that he may be brought to Justice, shall have Two Pistoles Reward; or whoever brings the Boat to the Subscriber aforesaid, shall have a Pistole Reward; or whoever will inform me so that I may have her again, shall have half a Pistole Reward, paid by* Amy Davis.

STol'n or Stray'd, about the 10th *of* September *last, from the Subscriber, a middle siz'd Bay Horse, with Saddle-Spots on his Back, a few Grey Hairs on his Foretop, branded on the off Buttock with the Letter* S. *has a sprig Tail; and paces. Whoever brings him to me, at my House in* King and Queen *County, shall have Half a Pistole Reward, and reasonable Charges.*

Daniel Saunders.

STol'n or Stray'd, in August *last, from Mr.* Oliver Towles's, *near* Roy's *Warehouse, on* Rappahanock *River, a large spay'd Bay Mare, with an Underkeel in her Left Ear, one hind Foot White, has several Saddle-Spots, and a Hitch in her Pace. Whoever will bring the said Mare to me, at my House in* King William *County, shall have Two Pistoles Reward: And if the said Mare is stole, and the Thief can be brought to Justice for the said Offence, the Person that apprehends and prosecutes him, so that he be convicted thereof, shall have Five Pounds Reward.* Benjamin Hubard.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living at Capt. Anthony Thornton's *Quarter, in* Caroline *County, a Negro Man; he is a middle-siz'd Fellow, has Three Marks down each Temple, and can't speak a Word of* English: *He had on when he went away, an old Check Shirt, and an old Pair of Oznabrig Trowsers. Whoever will apprehend the said Slave, so that I may have him again, shall have a Pistole Reward, besides what the Law allows.* John Pearce.

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